Financial Statements and Supplementary Information For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021



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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors North Weld County Water District Lucerne, Colorado

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the North Weld County Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with



GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BDO USA, P.C.

October 6, 2023

Management's discussion and analysis is designed to provide an analysis of the financial condition and operating results and to also inform the reader on financial issues and activities of the North Weld County Water District (the "District").

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements (beginning on page 12).

#### 2022 Highlights - Business-Type Activities

- On December 31, 2022, the District's net position was \$191,496,463 an increase of \$16,891,085 from the 2021 amount of \$174,605,378. On December 31, 2021, the District's net position was \$174,605,378 an increase of \$12,162,654 from the 2020 amount of \$162,442,724. The District's net position increase was due to acquiring more water rights, construction that is in progress and the decrease of non-current liabilities.
- Operating revenues for 2022 increased by \$4,847,454 from \$16,860,844 in 2021 to \$21,708,298.
   Operating revenues for 2021 increased by \$3,292,227 from \$13,568,617 in 2020 to \$16,860,844.
   The District's increase in operating revenue was due to the increase in water sales and new rates.
   The increase in customers serviced by the District as well as the use of water by our wholesale customers contributed to the increase.
- Total operating expenses in 2022 increased by \$1,123,330 from \$10,737,833 to \$11,861,163. Total operating expenses in 2021 increased by \$417,250 from \$10,320,583 to \$10,737,833.. The District's operating expenses have increased due to construction and needed system improvements.
- Total capital assets in 2022 increased by \$9,410,018 from \$173,558,718 to \$182,968,736. Total capital assets in 2021 increased by \$14,626,046 from \$158,932,672 to \$173,558,718.
- Total non-current liabilities increased by \$36,252,743 in 2022, from \$21,906,800 in 2021 to \$58,159,543. Total non-current liabilities decreased by \$2,222,421 in 2021, from \$24,129,221 in 2020 to \$21,906,800.

#### **North Weld County Water District Tap Moratorium**

The North Weld County Water District Board of Directors voted in October 2021 to place a moratorium on the sale of new taps and plant investments that continued into 2023. Since the initial tap moratorium, NWCWD has partially lifted the restrictions in certain zones and allowed the sale of taps in a limited number based on models presented to them that would not have an extensive impact on the ability to serve future and current customers. As of July 2023, Larimer County has given its approval to NWCWD's 1041 application for the NEWTIII Project and can move forward with bringing improved infrastructure and services to the region. NWCWD will continue working on solutions that will remedy the distribution and capacity issues that are affecting NWCWD's ability to serve new customers, while also ensuring adequate supply for our existing individual and wholesale customers.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

The financial statements included in this annual report are those of a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado engaged only in a business-type activity. As an enterprise fund, the District's basic financial statements include:

**Statements of Net Position** – reports the District's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. (See pages 12-13).

**Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position** – reports the District's operating and non-operating revenues, by major source along with operating and non-operating expenses and capital contributions. (See page 14).

**Statements of Cash Flows** – reports the District's cash flows from operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities. (See pages 15-16).

The following tables summarize information from these statements.

#### **Statements of Net Position**

December 31,	2022	2021	2020
Current assets Restricted assets Capital assets, net Other assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$26,883,097 42,799,926 182,968,736 189,911	\$21,263,662 4,321,345 173,558,718 211,176	\$21,886,048 8,313,146 158,932,672 233,473
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$252,841,670	\$199,354,901	\$189,365,339
Current liabilities	\$3,185,664	\$2,842,723	\$2,793,394
Non-current liabilities	58,159,543	21,906,800	24,129,221
Total Liabilities	\$61,345,207	\$24,749,523	\$26,922,615
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Operations and Maintenance	\$161,359,342 4,414,790	\$149,867,506 4,321,345	\$133,220,394 8,313,146
Operations and Maintenance	4,414,790	4,321,343	0,313,140
Unrestricted	25,722,331	20,416,527	20,909,184
Total Net Position	\$191,496,463	\$174,605,378	\$162,442,724

Capital assets increased by \$9,410,018 during 2022, compared to an increase of \$14,626,046 in 2021 and \$29,470,584 in 2020.

#### **Review of Revenue**

Years Ended December 31, Operating Revenue	2022	2021	2020
Water Sales - treated	\$21,382,156	\$16,463,770	\$13,278,380
Construction Water	326,142	397,074	290,237
Total operating revenue	\$21,708,298	\$16,860,844	\$13,568,617
Non-operating revenues			
Earnings on investments	780,724	2,997	143,264
Other non-operating income	246,059	85,037	123,113
Gain on disposal of capital assets	<u> </u>	<del>-</del> -	-
Total non-operating revenue	1,026,783	88,037	266,377
Total revenue	\$22,735,081	\$16,948,881	\$13,834,994

Water sales were \$21,382,156 of budgeted meter sales. Water sales from construction meters decreased from \$397,074 in 2021, to \$326,142 a decrease of \$70,932. Water sales from construction meters increased from \$290,237 in 2020, to \$397,074 in 2021, an increase of \$106,837.

#### **Review of Expenses**

Years Ending December 31,	2022	2021	2020	
Administrative	\$2,233,343	\$1,825,409	\$2,060,704	
Distribution	7,737,047	7,094,729	6,586,864	
Depreciation	1,890,773	1,817,695	1,673,015	
Total operating expenses	11,861,163	\$10,737,833	\$10,320,583	
Interest expense	1,117,378	689,673	793,508	
Total expenses	\$12,978,541	\$11,427,506	\$11,114,091	

Operating expenses were \$11,861,163 of the total expenditures as shown on the budgetary comparison schedule including depreciation of \$1,890,773.

# **Capital Contribution**

Years Ending December 31,	2022	2021	2020	
Tap fees – customers Meter set fees Reimbursement for water rights Distance fees Reimbursement for line extension Water storage Miscellaneous	\$3,453,950 176,255 2,367,250 403,725 737,615 - (4,250)	\$1,790,750 206,075 3,495,026 359,400 785,031	\$2,478,123 172,000 8,224,718 926,730 1,138,756	
Net capital contributions	\$7,134,545	\$6,641,282	\$12,940,327	

Contributed capital was \$7,134,545 of the total revenues as shown on the budgetary comparison schedule.

## **Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation**

Years Ending December 31,	2022	2021	2020	
Transmission and distribution system	\$83,274,480	\$78,865,986	\$77,820,765	
Facilities	1,667,567	1,644,153	1,644,153	
Vehicle and field equipment	2,389,047	2,204,382	2,134,534	
Other	78,221	78,221	78,221	
Total depreciable assets	87,409,315	82,792,742	81,677,673	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(31,738,738)	(29,847,965)	(28,030,270)	
Total depreciable assets, net	55,670,577	52,944,777	53,647,403	
SCWTA Treatment Capacity	22,849,610	22,849,610	18,130,412	
Land, easements, and water rights	104,425,836	94,928,149	87,092,881	
Construction in progress	22,713	2,836,182	61,976	
Total capital assets, net	\$182,968,736	\$173,558,718	\$158,932,672	

### Major capital asset additions in 2022 were:

Water Rights	\$8,942,000
Gravel Pits – Storage	428,786
Easements & Land Acquisition	126,901
Construction in Progress	22,713
New Construction	1,195,520
Meter Sets	793,657
Vehicle – Equipment	184,665
Storage Tank Improvements	321,561
Pump Station Improvements	50,761
	\$12,066,564

#### **Construction in Progress**

The following projects will be ongoing in 2023:

Newt 3
Eaton Pipeline Phase 2
Eaton Pipeline Phase 3
Harmony Interconnect
County Line Road Line Lowering
CR 84 & CR 15 Water Line Replacement
Tank 1 42" Fill Line
Tanks 4, 5 and 7 Rehab

#### **Debt Administration**

On December 31, 2022, the District had \$59,994,530 in outstanding debt obligations, an increase of \$36,303,318 from 2021. In 2021, the District's outstanding debt decreased by \$2,021,066, from \$25,712,278 in 2020 to \$23,691,212 in 2021. The increase in 2022 was due to the issuance of the 2022 revenue bond.

December 31,	2021	2021	2020
2022 revenue bonds	\$ 34,615,000	\$ -	\$ -
2012 refunding revenue bonds	1,575,000	3,090,000	4,560,000
2019 revenue bonds	16,160,000	16,160,000	16,160,000
2020 refunding revenue bonds	3,050,000	3,450,000	3,850,000
Totals	\$55,400,000	\$22,700,000	\$24,570,000

#### **Customer Classification, Water Rates, Revenue and Consumption**

2022 Water

The District currently provides water service to 6,464 taps, 94%, of which, are standard. All water service is metered and read electronically. The following table is a breakdown of water consumption and revenue billed by customer class in 2022.

Classification	Consumption (Per 1000 Gal.)	Percent of Total	Total Billed in 2022	Percent of Total
Residence Only	15,845	0.47%	81,416	0.39%
Standard	582,361	17.43%	2,658,350	12.60%
Standard ½	62,125	1.86%	326,946	1.55%
Standard ¾	15,160	0.45%	71,725	0.34%
Flow Control	154,370	4.62%	478,376	2.27%
Commercial	1,121,241	33.57%	4,634,495	21.96%
Municipal	1,168,718	34.99%	3,340,225	15.83%
Conservation Blue	141,921	4.25%	701,439	3.32%
Fire Meters	258	0.01%	5,006	0.02%
Non-Potable Meters	78,226	2.34%	117,339	0.56%
Unset Meters	-	-	4,061	0.02%
Adjustments	-	-	2,020	0.01%
Surcharges (PI)	-	-	3,551,492	16.83%
Surcharges (W)		<u>-</u>	5,130,584	24.31%
Total	3,340,225	100%	21,103,473	100%

#### **Basic Service Fees, Rates and Changes**

The District has established a schedule of rates, fees and charges for the connection to and use of District facilities. State law provides that, until paid, all such rates, fees, tolls and charges constitute a perpetual lien on and against the property served. User charges are billed according to customer classification and usage. Each customer is subject to a minimum monthly charge, which begins when the meter is set. If the meter is not set within 12 months after purchase of the tap, a monthly charge is assessed.

In establishing the current rate schedule, it was determined that the rate must both pay for increasing operating costs, including debt service, and allow for some system deferred maintenance funds while not overburdening District customers on the lower end of the usage scale with excessive rates. The following table is a comparison of basic service fees for a Standard Tap (Class 1). The 2019 rates increased from \$3.29 to \$3.39. Monthly minimum for usage between 0-6 (Kgals) was \$20.34. The 2020 rates increased from \$3.73. Monthly minimum for usage between 0-6 (Kgals) was \$22.38. The 2021 rates increased from \$3.73 to \$3.88. Monthly minimum for usage between 0-6 (Kgals) was \$23.28. The 2022 rates increased from \$3.88 to \$4.15. Monthly minimum for usage between 0-6 (Kgals) was \$24.90. The 2023 rates increased from \$4.15 to \$4.44. Monthly minimum for usage between 0-6 (Kgals) is \$26.64.

#### **Comparative Residential System User Charges 2019 - 2023**

	January 2019	January 2020	January 2021	January 2022	January 2023
Monthly Minimum Usage (Kgals)	\$20.34	\$22.38	\$23.28	\$24.90	\$26.64
0-6 6 and greater	\$3.39	\$3.73	\$3.88	\$4.15	\$4.44
	Comparative T	own's User Ch	arges 2018-202	22	
75% Residential Rate	\$2.54	\$2.80	\$2.91	\$3.11	\$3.33

## Tap Fees

The District charges tap fees to recover costs of system acquisition, construction and expansion. A tap fee is a one-time charge that must be paid in full before the meter will be installed and the account is considered active. The District's tap fee is calculated based upon plant investment fee, distance fee, raw water fee and storage fee. Effective July 1, 2018 the storage fee is no longer a requirement.

The total tap fee for a Water Class 1 and Plant Investment Class 1 is; cash in lieu - raw water for 2022 was \$62,500, approximately the cost of 1 unit of CBT. The plant investment was \$17,650, a distance fee of \$300 per mile from the District's main tank site at Highway 14 and Highway 257 to the property following section lines with a minimum of 5 miles or \$1,500, and a meter pit installation which averages \$1,850.

In 2010, the District made Conservation Blue Taps available to customers purchasing a new tap. A Conservation Blue Tap allows the customer to purchase a tap and not pay the plant investment fee nor pay the distance fee. These taps are automatically in the plant investment surcharge as soon as usage occurs. With the purchase of Conservation Blue Taps, the number of plant investments will decrease while water class allocations will increase.

Per Resolution 20180813-02 – Elimination of Conservation Blue Taps, effective August 13, 2018, Conservation Blue Taps are only available to certain pending subdivisions that have already received conditional or final approval from the District. Plat for such subdivisions shall be recorded on or before August 13, 2019 and the taps, including payment or transfer of water, as applicable, shall be purchased on or before August 13, 2023. With the Elimination of Conservation Blue Taps, the number of plant investments will increase, but at a slower rate than water class allocations through 2023 (approved subdivisions). After 2023, plant investments and water class allocations will level out.

#### **Historical Plant Investment Collections**

Year	Number of PIs	Tap Fee Revenue
2016	120.25	\$939,375
2017	250.25	\$1,876,875
2018	299.50	\$2,246,250
2019	188.75	\$1,606,125
2020	260.84	\$2,478,065
2021	188.50	\$1,790,750
2022	195.69	\$3,453,950

#### **Capital Improvement Plan**

The five-year capital improvement plan (CIP) for the period 2023 thru 2027 is driven by the growth within the District and Northern Colorado. The CIP for this report is split into the following categories and amounts for each category:

#### **Proposed CIP**

Project	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Total
Main Transmission Lines, Meters, Tanks, Distribution Lines and Pump Stations	\$17,989,700	\$17,620,500	\$17,075,396	\$9,080,390	\$5,585,484	\$67,351,470
Water Resources	10,070,000	6,560,000	6,560,000	6,560,000	6,560,000	36,310,000
Land /Easements	180,000	180,000	180,000	180,000	180,000	900,000
Total	\$28,239,700	\$24,360,500	\$23,815,396	\$15,820,390	\$12,325,484	\$104,561,470

Upcoming expenditures are to expand and improve the piping network and storage capabilities of the District.

#### **Contracts and Agreements**

The District is a party to contracts and cooperative agreements concerning the financing, acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance, and use of certain water facilities.

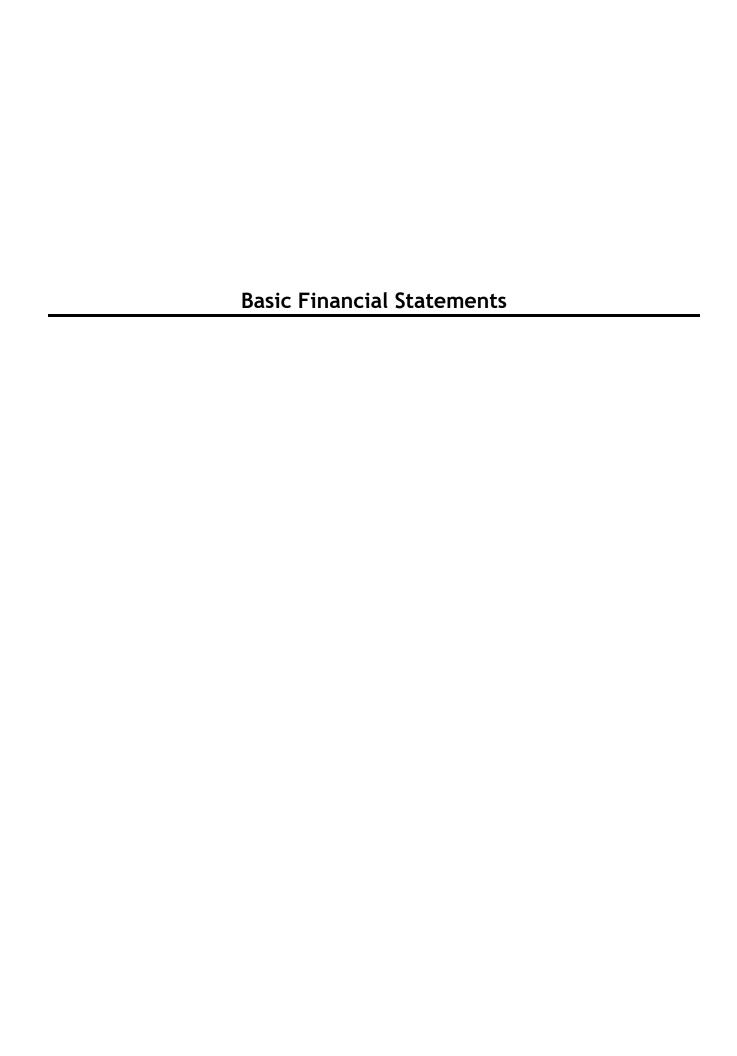
#### **Economic and Other Factors**

Overall, the District has shown increases in water revenues and tap sales as a result of continued growth throughout the District, the Towns served by the District, and generally in Weld and Larimer counties. Operating expenses have increased due to construction and needed system improvements but will assure future water revenues and tap sales to be generated.

Land use, zoning and management procedures and policies as established by Weld and Larimer County will materially affect the extent of future growth and development within the District.

#### **Financial Contact**

The District's financial statements are designed to present users with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. If you have any questions about the report or need additional financial information please contact Eric Reckentine, District Manager, North Weld County Water District, P.O. Box 56, Lucerne, CO 80646.



# **Statements of Net Position**

December 24	2022	2024
December 31,	2022	2021
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,874,568	\$ 18,403,729
Receivables	1,174,450	1,271,776
Inventories	1,756,572	1,478,133
Prepaid items	77,507	110,024
Total current assets	26,883,097	21,263,662
Non-current assets		
Restricted assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	42,799,926	4,321,345
Total restricted assets	42,799,926	4,321,345
Capital assets, net		
Transmission and distribution system	83,274,480	78,865,986
Facilities	1,667,567	1,644,153
Vehicles and field equipment	2,389,047	2,204,382
Other	78,221	78,221
Total depreciable assets	87,409,315	82,792,742
Less: accumulated depreciation	(31,738,738)	(29,847,965)
Total depreciable assets, net	55,670,577	52,944,777
SCWTA Treatment Capacity	22,849,610	22,849,610
Land, easements, and water rights	104,425,836	94,928,149
Construction in progress	22,713	2,836,182
Total capital assets, net	182,968,736	173,558,718
Other assets		
Debt insurance costs, net of \$78,391 and \$76,705		
in accumulated amortization	 189,911	 211,176
Total other assets	 189,911	211,176
Total non-current assets	225,958,573	178,091,239
Total assets	252,841,670	199,354,901
		(Continued).

# North Weld County Water District Statements of Net Position (Continued)

December 31,	2022	2021
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	1,985,000	1,915,000
Accounts payable	773,060	658,397
Accrued expenses	427,604	269,326
Total current liabilities	3,185,664	2,842,723
Non-current liabilities		
Compensated absences	150,013	130,588
Long-term debt, net	58,009,530	21,776,212
Total non-current liabilities	58,159,543	21,906,800
Total liabilities	61,345,207	24,749,523
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	161,359,342	149,867,506
Restricted:	, ,	
Operations and maintenance reserves	4,414,790	4,321,345
Unrestricted	25,722,331	20,416,527
Total net position	\$ 191,496,463	\$ 174,605,378

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31,	2022		
Operating revenues			
Water sales - treated	\$ 21,382,156	\$	16,463,770
Construction water	326,142		397,074
Total operating revenues	21,708,298		16,860,844
Operating expenses			
Administrative	2,233,343		1,825,409
Distribution	7,737,047		7,094,729
Depreciation	1,890,773		1,817,695
Total operating expenses	11,861,163		10,737,833
Operating income	9,847,135		6,123,011
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Earnings on investments	780,724		2,997
Other non-operating income	246,059		85,037
Interest expense	(1,117,378)		(689,673)
Total non-operating expenses	(90,595)		(601,639)
Other non-operating revenues	9,756,540		5,521,372
Capital contributions	7,134,545		6,641,282
Change in net position	16,891,085		12,162,654
Net position at beginning of year	174,605,378		162,442,724
Net position at end of year	\$ 191,496,463	\$	174,605,378

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

For the Years Ended December 31,	2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 21,805,624	\$	16,615,724
Cash paid to suppliers and vendors	(7,679,180)		(7,253,015)
Cash paid to employees	(2,244,766)		(2,230,074)
Net cash flows from operating activities	11,881,678		7,132,635
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities			
Other non-operating revenues	246,059		85,037
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities	246,059		85,037
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Capital contributions	7,134,545		6,641,282
Principal paid on long-term debt	(1,915,000)		(1,870,000)
Interest paid	(1,231,086)		(818,442)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	38,353,291	-	
Acquisition of land, easements and water rights	(9,497,687)		(7,835,268)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,803,104)		(8,608,473)
Net change in restricted cash and cash equivalents			
restricted for bond reserves	(38,478,581)		3,991,801
Net cash flows used by capital and related financing activities	(7,437,622)		(8,499,100)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Earnings on investments	780,724		2,997
Net cash flows from investing activities	780,724		2,997
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5,470,839		(1,278,431)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	18,403,729		19,682,160
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 23,874,568	\$	18,403,729
			(Continued)

(Continued)

# North Weld County Water District Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the Years Ended December 31,	2022	2021
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows  from operating activities:	\$ 9,847,135	\$ 6,123,011
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	1,890,773	1,817,695
Receivables	97,326	(245,120)
Inventories	(278, 439)	(380,192)
Prepaid items	32,517	(30,733)
Accounts payable	114,663	70,390
Accrued expenses	158,278	(66,061)
Compensated absences	19,425	(156,355)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 11,881,678	\$ 7,132,635
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:		
Amortization of bond premium	\$ 134,973	\$ 151,066
Amortization of bond insurance	\$ 21,265	\$ 22,297

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Form of Organization

The North Weld County Water District (the "District") is organized under the provisions of Section 32-1-305 (6) of the Colorado Revised Statutes ("CRS"). The District was organized on November 28, 1962, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado and is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### Reporting Entity

As defined by GAAP established by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either, a) the ability to impose its will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

Based on the above criteria, there are no other organizations that would be considered component units of the District.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The District is a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. As such, enterprise fund financial statements are presented.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Proprietary funds, which include enterprise funds, are accounted on a flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of this fund are included on the Statement of Net Position. Revenues and expenses are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned or incurred, and they become measurable. Net position is segregated into amounts invested in capital assets, restricted for operations and maintenance reserves and bond proceeds, and unrestricted. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual budget and appropriation resolution is adopted by the Board of Directors (the "Board") in accordance with state statutes. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP except that capital asset additions and principal payments are budgeted as expenditures and debt proceeds are budgeted as revenues.

The budget process timeline is as follows:

- 1. On or before October 15, the District staff submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at regular Board meetings to obtain public comments.
- 3. Prior to December 31, the budget is adopted by the Board.
- 4. Unused appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

The following is a summary if the original budgeted expenditures, total revisions, and revised budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2022:

	Original	Total	Revised
	Budget	Revisions	Budget
Enterprise Fund	\$ 38,805,345	\$ -	\$ 38,805,345

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Short term investments, consisting of funds invested in a local government investment pool (Note 2) are considered to be cash equivalents and are measured at net asset value, which approximates fair value.

#### Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The District's receivables are due from commercial and residential customers within the District's service area. The District's policy for collections is limited to the right to discontinue service and to place liens on property. In 2020, the District adopted a policy allowing for the certification of delinquent accounts to the County Treasurer for collection - Resolution 20201214-07: Establishing Guidelines for the Processing and Collection of Delinquent Fees and Charges. The District had no allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### Inventories

Inventories, consisting primarily of operating supplies for water meter repair and installation, have been valued at cost, using the first-in first-out method of accounting.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are expensed.

Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Description	Estimated Lives
Facilities	40 years
Transmission and distribution system	10-100 years
Vehicles and field equipment	5-10 years
Other	5-20 years

#### Joint Venture

Prior to February 1, 2017, the District was a participant with East Larimer County Water District ("ELCO") and Ft. Collins/Loveland Water District ("FLWD") in a joint venture to operate Soldier Canyon Filter Plant (the "Plant"), the filter plant from which the District, ELCO and FLWD purchase 100% of their water. Each district was charged for their respective share of the water purchased from the Plant, and for capital improvements made at the Plant on a periodic basis. Major capital improvements to the Plant were funded by the individual districts independently and included in each of the district's capital assets. As such, the depreciation expense for these assets was also reflected in the financial statements of the District, ELCO and FLWD. The District's net investment and its share of the operating results of the Plant were reported in the accompanying Statements of Net Position, and Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

On February 1, 2017, the District transferred all of the Filter Plant assets to a new entity, Solider Canyon Water Treatment Authority (the "Authority"). In exchange for the District's share of the Plant assets, the District received treatment capacity share of 16.238 MGD or 36.084%. The treatment capacity is considered an intangible asset with an indefinite life and is included in capital assets. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from the Authority's administrative office at 4424 LaPorte Avenue, Ft. Collins, Colorado 80521.

#### **Debt Issuance Costs**

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expense during the period of issuance. Prepaid insurance costs paid as part of debt issuance costs are reported as an asset and are amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt using the effective interest method.

#### **Debt Related Deferrals**

Premiums and discounts and losses on refunding are deferred and amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. The net premiums and discounts are presented as an adjustment to the face amount of the debt. Deferred losses on refunding are reflected as a deferred outflow of resources in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Compensated Absences**

Obligations associated with the District's vacation policy are recorded as a liability and expense when earned to the extent that such benefits vest to the employee. The amount of the accrued and unpaid balance due under this policy is considered a long-term liability.

The District has recorded a liability of \$150,013 and \$130,588 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### **Net Position**

Net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** - This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation of these assets and related debt balances reduce this category.

**Restricted Net Position** - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restriction imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted Net Position** - This category represents the net position of the District which is not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized when earned. Metered water accounts are read and billed monthly on 30 day cycles. There were no significant unbilled revenues at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

The District distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's purpose of providing water services to its customers. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

#### **Capital Contributions**

Contributions of cash, transmission lines and water rights to the District by developers, customers or by agreements with others are treated as capital contributions on the District's Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncement**

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 87, Leases (GASB 87) effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2022. GASB 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities.

There was no effect on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, as a result of the implementation of this standard.

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Colorado state statutes govern the entity's deposits of cash. For deposits in excess of federally insured limits, Colorado Revised Statutes require the depository institution to maintain collateral on deposit with an official custodian (as authorized by the State Banking Board). The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposit. PDPA requires the eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") to create a single institutional collateral pool of obligations of the State of Colorado or local Colorado governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the assets in the pool must be at least 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District had deposits with a financial institution with a carrying amount of \$1,227,418 and \$1,558,722, respectively. The bank balances with the financial institution were \$1,357,932 and \$2,819,232, respectively, of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balances of \$1,107,932 and \$2,569,232, respectively, were collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions' agents but not in the District's name ("PDPA").

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Investments

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which special districts may invest which include:

- Certificates of deposit with an original maturity in excess of three months
- Certain obligations of the United States and U.S. Government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Banker's acceptance of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

#### Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal written investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates; however, the District adheres to state statutes. Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase.

#### Local Government Investment Pools

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District had invested \$27,061,740 and \$21,166,152, respectively, in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the "Trust"), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PRIME invests only in U.S. Treasury and government agencies. COLOTRUST PLUS+ can invest in U.S. Treasury, government agencies, and in the highest-rate commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as a safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. The Trust is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and is measured at net asset value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

The District had cash and cash equivalents balances, including restricted cash and cash equivalents as follows:

December 31,	2022	2021
Cash on hand	\$ 200	\$ 200
Cash on deposit with financial institution	1,227,418	1,558,722
Local government investment pool	65,446,876	21,166,152
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 66,674,494	\$ 22,725,074

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Cash and cash equivalents balances are reflected on the Statements of Net Position as follows:

December 31,	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,874,568	\$ 18,403,729
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	42,799,926	4,321,345
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 66,674,494	\$ 22,725,074

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Amounts shown as restricted assets have been restricted by bond indentures to be used for specified purposes. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District had cash of \$42,799,926 and \$4,321,345 restricted for operations and maintenance and unspent bond proceeds.

## 4. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Beginning				Ending
-	Balance	Additions		Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land, easements, and water rights	\$ 94,928,149	\$ 9,497,687	\$	-	\$ 104,425,836
SCWTA Treatment Capacity	22,849,610	-		-	22,849,610
Construction in progress	2,836,182	22,713		(2,836,182)	22,713
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	120,613,941	9,520,400		(2,836,182)	127,298,159
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Transmission and distribution system	78,865,986	4,408,494		-	83,274,480
Facilities	1,644,153	23,414		-	1,667,567
Vehicles and field equipment	2,204,382	184,665		-	2,389,047
Other	78,221	-		-	78,221
Total capital assets, being depreciated	82,792,742	4,616,573		-	87,409,315
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Transmission and distribution system	(27,637,789)	(1,673,412)		-	(29,311,201)
Facilities	(485,334)	(41,153)		-	(526,487)
Vehicles and field equipment	(1,646,621)	(176,208)		-	(1,822,829)
Other	(78,221)	-		-	(78,221)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,847,965)	(1,890,773)		-	(31,738,738)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	52,944,777	2,725,800		-	55,670,577
Capital assets, net	\$ 173,558,718	\$ 12,246,200	\$	(2,836,182)	\$ 182,968,736

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	Additions	De	eletions		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land, easements, and water rights	\$ 87,092,881	\$ 7,835,268	\$		-	\$ 94,928,149
SCWTA Treatment Capacity	18,130,412	4,719,198			-	22,849,610
Construction in progress	61,976	2,774,206			-	2,836,182
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	105,285,269	15,328,672			-	120,613,941
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Transmission and distribution system	77,820,765	1,045,221			-	78,865,986
Facilities	1,644,153	-			-	1,644,153
Vehicles and field equipment	2,134,534	69,848			-	2,204,382
Other	78,221	-			-	78,221
Total capital assets, being depreciated	81,677,673	1,115,069			-	82,792,742
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Transmission and distribution system	(26,030,632)	(1,607,157)			-	(27,637,789)
Facilities	(444,230)	(41,104)			-	(485,334)
Vehicles and field equipment	(1,477,187)	(169,434)			-	(1,646,621)
Other	(78,221)	-			-	(78,221)
Total accumulated depreciation	(28,030,270)	(1,817,695)			-	(29,847,965)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	53,647,403	(702,626)			-	52,944,777
Capital assets, net	\$ 158,932,672	\$ 14,626,046	\$	-		\$ 173,558,718

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 5. Long-Term Debt

A summary of the District's long-term debt as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, follows:

Source **2022** 2021

#### 2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds

\$13,440,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 due in yearly installments of \$1,230,000 through 2015 with additional increases up until the date of maturity of November 1, 2023; interest at 2.0% to 5.0%. These bonds are a special revenue obligation of the District payable from water rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds of the system legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system. Accrued interest on this debt amounts to \$9,188 and \$20,848 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**1,575,000** 3,090,000

#### 2019 Revenue Bonds

\$16,160,000 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 due in principal installments of \$460,000 in 2024 with additional increases up until the date of maturity in 2036; interest at 3.0% to 5.0%. These bonds are a special revenue obligation of the District payable from water rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds of the system legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system. Accrued interest on this debt amounts to \$80,800 and \$93,452 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**16,160,000** 16,160,000

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 2020 Refunding Revenue Bonds

\$3,850,000 Water Enterprise Revenue Refunding Loan, Series 2020 due in principal installments of \$400,000 in 2021 with additional increases up until the date of maturity in 2029; interest at 2.25%. The bonds were issued to refund the 2009 Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority ("CWRPDA") loan. These bonds are a special revenue obligation of the District payable from water rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds of the system legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system. Accrued interest on this debt amounts to \$11,438 and \$14,963 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**3,050,000** 3,450,000

#### 2022 Revenue Bonds

\$34,615,000 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 due in principal installments of \$1,150,000 in 2024 with additional increases up until the date of maturity in 2042; interest at 4.0% to 5.0%. These bonds are a special revenue obligation of the District payable from water rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds of the system legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system. Accrued interest on this debt amounts to \$129,806 at December 31, 2022.

34,615,000

Totals \$ 55,400,000 \$ 22,700,000

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending	Annual			Total
December 31,	Maturities Interest			Payment
2023	\$ 1,985,000	\$	2,539,255	\$ 4,524,255
2024	2,025,000		2,185,650	4,210,650
2025	2,110,000		2,095,813	4,205,813
2026	2,215,000		2,002,000	4,217,000
2027	2,305,000		1,903,213	4,208,213
2028-2032	13,275,000		7,898,913	21,173,913
2033-2037	16,450,000		4,798,350	21,248,350
2038-2042	15,035,000		1,622,550	16,657,550
Totals	\$ 55,400,000	\$	25,045,744	\$ 80,445,744

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

A summary of changes in long term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

		Beginning						Ending	Due Within
		Balance		Additions	R	etirements		Balance	One Year
2012 refunding revenue									
bonds	\$	3,090,000	\$	-	\$	1,515,000	\$	1,575,000	\$ 1,575,000
2019 revenue bonds		16,160,000		-		-		16,160,000	-
2020 refunding revenue									
bonds		3,450,000		-		400,000		3,050,000	410,000
2022 revenue bonds		-		34,615,000		-		34,615,000	-
Compensated absences		130,588		118,463		99,038		150,013	-
Total	_	22,830,588	\$	34,733,463	\$	2,014,038	_	55,550,013	\$ 1,985,000
Current portion of									
long-term debt		(1,915,000)						(1,985,000)	
Net bond premiums		991,212	_					4,594,530	
Total non-current liabilities	\$	21,906,800					\$	58,159,543	

A summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance	One Year
2012 refunding revenue					
bonds	4,560,000	-	1,470,000	3,090,000	1,515,000
2019 revenue bonds	16,160,000	-	-	16,160,000	-
2020 refunding revenue					
bonds	3,850,000	-	400,000	3,450,000	400,000
Compensated absences	286,943	101,106	257,461	130,588	-
Total	24,856,943	\$ 101,106	\$ 2,127,461	22,830,588	\$ 1,915,000
Current portion of	_			-	
long-term debt	(1,870,000)			(1,915,000)	
Net bond premiums	1,142,278			991,212	
Total non-current liabilities	\$ 24,129,221			\$ 21,906,800	

#### 6. Rate Maintenance

The District's loan agreement with the CWRPDA requires the District to establish, levy, and collect rents, rates, and other charges for the products and services provided by the system in an amount sufficient to (1) meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the system, (2) to comply with all covenants in the loan resolution, and (3) pay at least 100% of the debt service on all indebtedness or 110% of such debt service if connection fees are included as a source of repayment.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

As shown below, the District is in compliance with this requirement of the CWRPDA loan agreement for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Operating revenues	¢ 24 700 200
Operating revenues	\$ 21,708,298
System connections fees (limited to 15% of revenue)	3,256,245
Total revenues as defined in loan agreement	24,964,543
Operation and maintenance expense (excluding depreciation expense)	(9,970,390)
Net revenue as defined in loan resolution	\$ 14,994,153
2022 principal due	\$ 1,915,000
2022 interest due	775,575
Subtotal	2,690,575
	x 110%
Required revenue as defined in loan resolution	\$ 2,959,633

The District's 2019 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds require the District to establish, levy, and collect rents, rates, and other charges for the products and services provided by the system in an amount sufficient to (1) meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the system, (2) to comply with all covenants in the loan resolution, and (3) pay at least 110% of the debt service on all indebtedness.

As shown below, the District is in compliance with this requirement of the 2019 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Operating revenues  Operation and maintenance expense (excluding depreciation expense)	\$ 21,708,298 (9,970,390)
Net revenue as defined in loan resolution	\$ 11,737,908
2022 principal due 2022 interest due	\$ 1,915,000 775,575
Subtotal	2,690,575 x 110%
Required revenue as defined in loan resolution	\$ 2,959,633

The District's 2022 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds require the District to establish, levy, and collect rents, rates, and other charges for the products and services provided by the system in an amount sufficient to (1) meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the system, (2) to comply with all covenants in the loan resolution, and (3) pay at least 110% of the debt service on all indebtedness.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

As shown below, the District is in compliance with this requirement of the 2022 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Operating revenues	\$ 21,708,298
Operation and maintenance expense (excluding depreciation expense)	(9,970,390)
Net revenue as defined in loan resolution	\$ 11,737,908
2022 principal due	\$ 1,915,000
2022 interest due	775,575
Subtotal	2,690,575
	x 110%
Required revenue as defined in loan resolution	\$ 2,959,633

#### 7. Reconciliation of Budget Based Accounting to GAAP Financial Statements

The District prepares its annual budget on a non-GAAP basis of accounting. Below is the reconciliation from the budget basis of accounting to GAAP basis:

For the years ended December 31,	2022			2021		
Excess of non-GAAP revenues over expenditures (budgetary basis)	\$	40,180,604	\$	(4,333,392)		
Adjustments required to reconcile:						
Non-GAAP revenues/expenditures:						
Bond principal		1,915,000		1,870,000		
Debt proceeds		(34,615,000)		-		
Capital asset acquisition		11,301,254		16,443,741		
GAAP revenue/expense - adjustments:						
Depreciation expense		(1,890,773)		(1,817,695)		
Change in net position GAAP basis	\$	16,891,085	\$	12,162,654		

#### 8. Risk Management

The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool ("CSDPLP"). The District has joined together with other special districts in the State of Colorado. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for members. The District pays annual contributions for its property and casualty insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of specified self-insurance retention.

At December 31, 2021 (the most current audited financial statements) CSDPLP has total admitted assets of \$68,195,261 liabilities of \$46,165,251 and unassigned surplus of \$22,030,010. The liability amount includes no long-term debt. Total revenue for 2021 amounted to \$24,889,624, investment income of \$482,027 and total expenses were \$25,123,490 resulting in a net income of \$248,160 The amount of the District's share of these amounts is less than 1%.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 9. Contingencies

The District is self-insured for property and liability insurance. As discussed in Note 8, the District is a member of the CSDPLP. CSDPLP has a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in its annually established loss fund and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance are direct liabilities of the participating members. CSDPLP has indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs.

The ultimate liability to the District resulting from claims not covered by CSDPLP is not presently determinable. Management is of the opinion that the final outcome of such claims, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the District.

#### 10. Deferred Compensation Pension Plan

During 1993 the District established an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan which also provides for contributions from the employee and the employer. The District makes matching contributions of up to 3.0% of an employee's eligible salary. During 2022 and 2021, the District's contributions to this plan totaled \$114,839 and \$74,311, respectively.

#### 11. TABOR Compliance

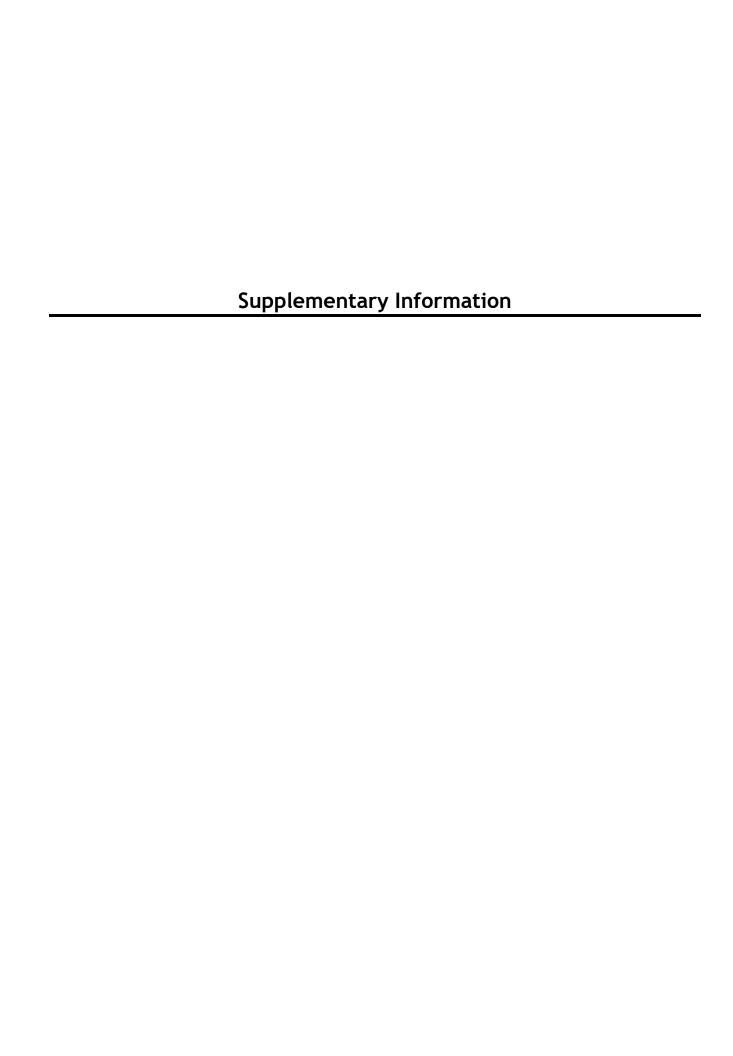
In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment (the "Amendment" or "TABOR") to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and fiscal year spending include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in construction valuation. Fiscal year spending, as defined by the Amendment, excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). The Amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the spending limit must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate.

The Amendment also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by the Amendment, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). The District is an enterprise fund and has no TABOR revenues and therefore has not set aside any monies for emergencies as defined by TABOR.

The District believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions will require judicial interpretation.

#### 12. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through October 6, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. There were no other material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure.



# Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Years Ended December 31,		20	22			2	021
	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	Am	ctual ounts idget
	Original	Final	Basis		(Negative)	В	asis
Revenues							
Operating revenues:							
Metered sales	\$11,484,447	\$11,484,447	\$ 12,720,1	43 \$	1,235,696	\$ 12	,375,464
Surcharges	2,625,016	2,625,016	5,130,5		2,505,568		,949,876
PI surcharge	2,132,826	2,132,826	3,551,4		1,418,666		2,170,234
Adjustments	(20,000)	(20,000)	(20,0		(63)		(31,804)
Construction water	211,050	211,050	326,1		115,092		397,074
Total operating revenues	16,433,339	16,433,339	21,708,2		5,274,959	16	,860,844
Non-operating revenue:	,,	,,	,-		-,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Earnings on investments	131,196	131,196	780,7	24	649,528		2,997
Water lease and rental	17,850	17,850	39,2		21,442		56,740
Miscellaneous	73,414	73,414	206,7		133,353		28,297
Total non-operating revenues	222,460	222,460	1,026,7		804,323		88,034
Proceeds from issuance of debt	38,000,000	38,000,000	34,615,0		(3,385,000)		-
Capital contributions:	, ,	, ,	, ,		( , , , ,		
Tap fees - customers	1,000,000	1,000,000	3,453,9	50	2,453,950	1	,790,750
Meter set fees	324,730	324,730	176,2		(148,475)		206,075
Reimbursement for water rights	300,000	300,000	2,367,2		2,067,250	3	,495,026
Distance fees	173,189	173,189	403,7		230,536		359,400
Reimbursement for line extension	150,000	150,000	737,6		587,615		785,031
Water storage	· -	· -	•	-	-		· -
Miscellaneous	34,963	34,963	(4,2	50)	(39,213)		5,000
Total capital contributions	1,982,882	1,982,882	7,134,5	45	5,190,876	$\epsilon$	,641,282
Total revenues	56,638,681	56,638,681	64,484,6	26	7,885,158	23	3,590,160
Expenditures							
Administrative:							
Personnel - Administrative	511,192	511,192	547,3	32	(36,140)		622,713
Payroll Taxes	107,702	107,702	139,6		(31,970)		134,584
Health Insurance	49,359	49,359	56,3	89	(7,030)		57,840
Office Utilities	359,367	359,367	243,1		116,255		190,370
Office Expense	196,570	196,570	267,8		(71,246)		248,832
Professional Fees	584,853	584,853	865,6		(280,763)		571,070
Miscellaneous	7,577	7,577	113,4		(105,829)		-
Total administrative	1,816,620	1,816,620	2,233,3		(416,723)	1	,825,409
	• •	• •			· · · · ·		tinued)

(Continued)

# Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Years Ended December 31,		20	22		2021
	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive	Actual Amounts Budget
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	Basis
Distribution	_				
Water	4,145,255	4,145,255	3,066,466	1,078,789	3,038,683
Personnel operations	1,571,940	1,571,940	1,678,276	(106,336)	1,199,098
Operation and maintenance	718,367	718,367	1,327,931	(609,564)	1,632,456
Engineering	250,000	250,000	1,327,731	250,000	1,032,130
Electricity	313,000	313,000	189,117	123,883	210,192
Communications	50,000	50,000	9,764	40,236	3,146
Insurance	82,461	82,461	170,022	(87,561)	85,760
Miscellaneous	3,714	3,714	1,295,471	(1,291,757)	925,394
Total distribution	7,134,737	7,134,737	7,737,047	(602,310)	7,094,729
Debt service	, ,	, ,		, , ,	
Interest expense	_	_	1,117,378	(1,117,378)	689,673
Principal paid	3,238,288	3,238,288	1,915,000	1,323,288	1,870,000
Total debt service	3,238,288	3,238,288	3,032,378	205,910	2,559,673
Capital improvements					
Soldier Canyon Filter Plant	_	_	_	-	4,719,198
Storage tanks	5,900,000	5,900,000	83,361	5,816,639	
Pump stations	-	-	50,761	(50,761)	
Equipment	109,260	109,260	422,858	(313,598)	69,848
System	14,426,440	14,426,440	1,223,874	13,202,566	1,045,221
Water rights, storage,	,,	,,	.,, .	,,	.,0.0,==.
infrastructure	6,000,000	6,000,000	9,370,787	(3,370,787)	7,734,957
Land and easements	180,000	180,000	126,900	53,100	100,311
Construction in progress	-	-	22,713	(22,713)	2,774,206
Total capital improvements	26,615,700	26,615,700	11,301,254	15,314,446	16,443,741
Total budgeted expenditures	38,805,345	38,805,345	24,304,022	14,501,323	27,923,552
Excess (deficiency) of budgeted	,,	,,-	,,5	, ,- ==	_:,:_:,;
revenues over budgeted					
expenditures	\$ 17,833,336	\$ 17,833,336	\$ 40,180,604	\$ 22,386,481	\$ (4,333,392)

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.